Learning by Doing:

Early Operation of the Portico Archiving Service

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Portico's Mission

To preserve scholarly literature published in electronic form and to ensure that these materials remain available to future generations of scholars, researchers, and students.



Portico's History

- In 2002, JSTOR initiated a project known as the Electronic-Archiving Initiative, the precursor to Portico.
- The goal was to facilitate the community's transition to secure reliance upon electronic scholarly journals by developing a technological infrastructure and sustainable archive able to preserve scholarly ejournals.
- Portico was launched in 2005 by JSTOR and Ithaka, with support from The Andrew W. Mellon Foundation.
- Portico is a not-for-profit organization with a mission and singular focus to provide a permanent archive of electronic scholarly journals.

Portico's Approach: Content Scope

In scope:

- Electronic scholarly, peer reviewed journals
- Intellectual content of the journal, including text, tables, images, supplemental files
- Limited functionality such as internal linking

Out of scope:

- Full features and functionality of publisher's delivery platform
- Ephemeral look and layout of today's HTML rendition of a journal



Portico's Approach: Migration Supplemented with Byte Preservation

- Publishers deliver "source files" of electronic journals (SGML, XML, PDF, etc.) to Portico.
- Using specialized software Portico converts proprietary source files from multiple publishers to an archival format suitable for long-term preservation. Portico's preservation format is based on the NLM Archiving DTD.
- Source and normalized files are deposited in the archive. Once deposited, content must remain in the archive. To date more than 260,000 articles are archived.
- Portico migrates files to new formats as technology changes.

Portico's Approach: Access

- Portico offers access to archived content to only those libraries supporting the archive.
- Portico's delivery infrastructure leverages JSTOR's existing technology and investment.
- Access is offered only when specific trigger event conditions prevail and when titles are no longer available from the publisher or other sources.

Portico's Approach: Access

- Trigger events include:
 - When a publisher ceases operations and titles are no longer available from any other source.
 - When a publisher ceases to publish and offer a title and it is not offered by another publisher or entity.
 - When back issues are removed from a publisher's offering and are not available elsewhere.
 - Upon catastrophic failure by publisher delivery platform for a sustained period of time.

Portico's Approach: Access

- Trigger events initiate campus-wide access for all libraries supporting the archive regardless of whether a library previously subscribed to the publisher's offering.
- Until a trigger event occurs select librarians at participating libraries are granted password-controlled access for archive audit and verification purposes.
- Libraries may rely upon the Portico archive for postcancellation access, if a publisher chooses to name Portico as one of the mechanisms designated to meet this obligation.
- To date 70% of participating publishers have elected this option.



Sources of Support

- Support for the archive comes from the primary beneficiaries of the archive - publishers and libraries.
- Contributing publishers supply content and make an annual financial contribution ranging from \$250 to \$75,000 depending upon journal revenues.
- To date more than 5,300 journals have been promised to the Portico archive. Participating publishers come from across the spectrum, for example:
 - -Elsevier (commercial)
 - -Oxford University Press (university press)
 - -American Institute of Physics (scholarly society)
 - -The Berkeley Electronic Press (e-only publisher)

Sources of Support

- Libraries make an Annual Archive Support (AAS) payment based upon total library materials expenditures. AAS payments range from \$1,500 to \$24,000 annually.
- All libraries that initiate support for Portico in 2006 and 2007 are designated "Portico Archive Founders" and make a significantly reduced AAS payment.
- To date more than 130 libraries are Portico Archive Founders. Participants range from Grove City College to the University of California system.



Emerging Themes and Lessons: Publishers

- Publishers understand the library market now demands robust preservation arrangements.
- Publishers want to be a part of the archiving solutions that libraries support.
- Publishers are developing multi-layered strategies.

Emerging Themes and Lessons: Libraries

- Libraries are actively evaluating the scope of their archival responsibilities and options for meeting these.
- Multi-layered strategies responding to library needs to preserve a wide array of e-content are beginning to emerge.
- Breadth of archival strategy varies with institutional size.
- E-preservation strategies and print collection management strategies can usefully inform one another.



Emerging Themes and Lessons: Implications

- Libraries should continue to make their preservation needs and preferred strategies known to publishers.
- Publisher and library preservation strategies benefit from being informed by one another.
- Overt communication of archival strategies or intentions assists both parties.

- Like digital preservation, electronic publishing is still evolving. Best practices are still emerging.
 - –Publishers' platforms, formats and data structures are shifting.
 - –E-journal content is now frequently in 3 formats: current e-formats, early e-formats and digitized print.
 - Archives must be prepared to respond to and influence - the complexity of this still shifting landscape.

- Journal content is complex and not always tidy.
 - Online journals may be the product of multiple data streams. Complexity increases opportunities for errors in content.
 - Publisher systems are oriented toward on-time publication. Preservation issues are not the focus.
 - PDF validity may vary
 - Early e-issues reveal many production issues.
 - Publishers are open to input about how to create publications that are more easily archived.
 Archives like Portico can play a consultative role.



- Gathering and communicating holdings information is challenging.
 - -Publishers do not have readily available publication histories or inventories.
 - -Gathering holdings information in a machinereadable way is a challenge.
 - Absent solid holdings data, affirming completeness of the archive is difficult.
 - Communicating holdings data across all interested parties – publishers, libraries, archives – extremely difficult.
 - -This is a fruitful and important research area.



- File usability vs. validity creates special challenges.
 - Files may be usable to a reader but not technically valid. Creates special format migration concerns.
 - -Files may be technically valid but not usable to readers.
 - -Helpful to tackle this issue while content creator can participate in the resolution.
 - This issue impacts digital repositories of all types.
 - -A good area for collaborative tool development.







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	Pharmacologic transgene control systems for gene therapy
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Introduction

Gene therapeutic interventions in the well-orchestrated and multi-regulated gene networks operating in the human body require (semi-)synthetic trigger-inducible gene switches for optimal fine-tuning of therapeutic transgene expression levels and kinetics to meet the specific needs of the patient [1-3]. Recent advances in heterologous transgene control design have resulted in a portfolio of gene regulation systems responsive to clinically licensed small-molecule drugs such as antibiotics [4-7], steroid hormone analogs [8], [9], rapamycin



control systems will become the prime dosing technology in the gene therapy era.

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